

Celebrating Dolores Huerta Day!

Arts and Healing: How Art and Music Further a Political Movement

Thanks to support from:





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One-Day Lesson Goals

- Students will be introduced to Dolores Huerta's activism and Dolores Huerta Day
- Students will be introduced to the United Farm Workers and examine the power of labor organizing and consider current day examples
- Students will understand policy context that led to labor organizing actions and the resulting laws
- Students will be introduced to the slogan coined by Dolores Huerta "Sí Se Puede!"
- Students will analyze political posters and protest songs

Introduction to Dolores Huerta

And Dolores Huerta Day on April 10th

Are you familiar with Dolores Huerta?

Write down anything and everything that you know about Dolores Huerta

Who is Dolores Huerta?

Brief Background:

- Born in April 10, 1930 in Dawson, New Mexico
- Active in numerous school clubs
- Was a majorette
- Dedicated member of the Girl Scouts until the age of 18.
- Continued her education at the University of Pacific's Delta College in Stockton earning a provisional teaching credential.
- While teaching she could no longer bear to see her students come to school with empty stomachs and bare feet, and thus began her lifelong journey of working to correct economic injustice.
- Dolores left for Delano from Stockton in 1962
- Mother of 11



Who is Dolores Huerta?

What She Saw

- Segregation
- Discrimination
- Poor Social conditions of Farmworkers
- Poor economic conditions of farm workers

What She Did

- Quit teaching to fight farmworker oppression
- 1955 stockton chapter of Community Service Organization (CSO) with Fred Ross
- 1960 Started Agricultural Workers of America (AWA)
- Voter registration Drives
- Lobbied politicians to allow non-US citizens to receive public assistance, pensions, and Spanish ballots, Spanish driving tests



Photo Credit: Dolores Huerta Foundation, photographer Angela Torres.

notes Photo Credit Angela Torres



Who is Dolores Huerta?

Choose 1-2 videos to share:

- Hispanic Heritage: Who is Labor Activist Dolores Huerta?
- o Portrait in Minute: Dolores Huerta
- o Chicago Tonight: Latino Voices

Celebrating Dolores Huerta Day!

- April 10th (Dolores Huerta's birthday)
- Established in 2019 in California
- Recognition of lifelong pursuit of justice



About image: used by the State of California to recognize the day. Graphic designer unknown.



Read proclamation: https://www.gov.ca.gov/2019/04/10/dolores-huerta-day/

United Farm Workers (UFW) 1962 - Present



March to Sacramento, Cesar Chavez to the right. Photo credit @ George Ballis, courtesy of UC Merced Library Archives, used with permission.

Point out that the Farm Worker movement was happening at the exact same time as many other social justice movements mentioned before yet is one of the lesser known movements.

Cesar Chavez at the Delano UFW rally in Delano, California, June 1974. Credit: Joel Levine, CC BY 3.0, via Wikimedia Commons.

https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Cesar_chavez3.jpg

Dolores Huerta and the UFW

Right: September 24, 1965, Dolores Huerta on the Grape Strike picket line in Delano, California. Photo by Harvey Richards (© Paul Richards, Estuary Press).





Photo Credit: Dolores Huerta Foundation, photographer Angela Torres.

¡Si se puede!

- Most students will say Cesar Chavez is the activist they mostly or only associate with the Farm Worker Movement.
- Use this slide to connect how and why Dolores Huerta is given less credit for the United Farm Workers movement.
- Tell students that the phrase "Si Se Puede", came from Dolores, not Cesar Chavez.

Rise of Labor Unions

- 1930s Tremendous labor union gains due to pro-union stance of the Roosevelt administration and from legislation enacted by Congress during the early New Deal
- 1933 The National Industrial Recovery Act provided for collective bargaining
- 1935 National Labor Relations Act (aka the Wagner Act) required businesses to bargain in good faith with any union supported by the majority of their employees

<u>Labor Unions and the New Deal</u>
The Wagner Act of 1935 (National Labor Relations Act)

American Farm Labor and the Bracero Program



Americanos todos, luchamos por la victoria., poster, 1943;

Washington D.C. Public Domain.

- Labor shortage during World War II
- Bracero Program allowed Mexicans to work temporarily on U.S. Farms
- Program officially ended in 1964

Mexican Workers
Wanted in October

Farmers and orchardists in Washington state have placed orders for approximately 6000 imported Mexican workers for the month of October, according to reports sent to Figure 14. A description of the demand for Mexican laborers (Source: Northwest Farm News, September 9, 1943).

Right: The first Braceros arriving in Los Angeles, CA by train in 1942. Credit: Dorothea Lange, working for the US Government., Public domain, via Wikimedia Commons.

A Brief History of American Farm labor

California became a major agricultural center after the Civil War. There, farm labor was mostly imported from Asia. By the 1930s, the immigrant labor force had begun to shift to Mexico, and during the World War II labor shortage the Bracero Program was initiated, which allowed Mexicans to work temporarily on U.S. farms. The program was ended in 1964, although Latin American immigrants—legal and illegal—continue to make up the vast majority of the U.S. agricultural workforce.

Poster credit: Helguera, Leon. Americans all, let's fight for victory: Americanos todos, luchamos por la victoria., poster, 1943; Washington D.C.. (https://digital.library.unt.edu/ark:/67531/metadc426/: accessed April 15, 2025), University of North Texas Libraries, UNT Digital Library, https://digital.library.unt.edu/ark:/67531/metadc426/

Photo credit: Dorothea Lange, working for the US Government., Public domain, via Wikimedia Commons https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:BraceroProgram.jpg

United Farm Workers Union

- First genuine collective bargaining agreement between farm workers and growers in the history of the continental United States (1966 Schenley vineyards).
- The first union contracts requiring rest periods, toilets in the fields, clean drinking water, hand washing facilities, protective clothing against pesticide exposure, banning pesticide spraying while workers are in the fields, outlawing DDT and other dangerous pesticides, lengthening pesticide re-entry periods beyond state and federal standards, and requiring the testing of farm workers on a regular basis to monitor for pesticide exposure.

United Farm Workers Union

- The first union contracts regulating safety and sanitary conditions in farm labor camps, banning discrimination in employment and sexual harassment of women workers.
- The first union contracts providing for profit sharing and parental leave.
- Abolishing the infamous short-handled hoe that crippled generations of farm workers and extending to farm workers state coverage under unemployment, disability and workers' compensation, as well as amnesty rights for immigrants and public assistance for farm workers.
- The first union contracts eliminating farm labor contractors and guaranteeing farm workers seniority rights and job security.

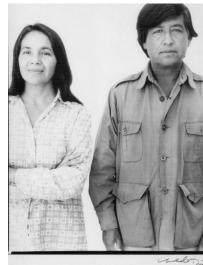


Photo credit: Richard Avedon; courtesy of Dolores Huerta Foundation, used with permission.

Farmworker supports provided by UFW

- Health Benefits (RFK Medical Plan)
- Pension Plans (Juan De La Cruz)
- Life insurance
- 1st credit union of farmworkers
- Cooperative stores
- Immigration Paperwork
- Income Taxes

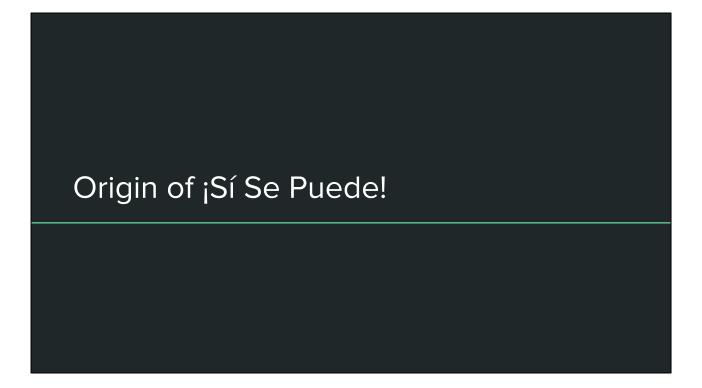


Credit: El Malcriado, © United Farm Workers of America, AFL-CIO, used with permission

- The image is an article highlighting the credit union established by the United Farm Workers, a first for farm workers
- The list is of supports offered by UFW to farmworkers

Discussion Questions

- What does it mean to be an organizer? A labor organizer?
- What are examples of labor organizing in our current time?
- What kind of power does labor organizing have?

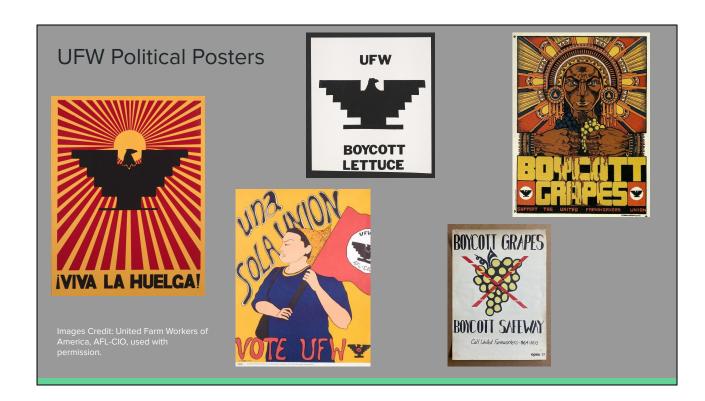




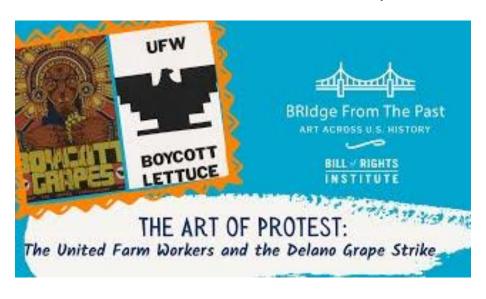
Sí, Se Puede - Interview with Dolores Huerta and Benjamin Bratt

Use one of these videos:

- Dolores Huerta: "Yes we can!"
- Si Se Puede! Interview with Dolores Huerta and Benjamin Bratt
- "Si se puede": Dolores Huerta's 50 years of activism



The Art of Protest: UFW and the Delano Grape Strike



Discussion

What do you notice about the posters? What stands out? What do they remind you of?

Protest songs: Huelga en General



Pass out lyrics as handout

The Power of Art and Music

Critically analyzing lyrics

- What is the theme of the song?
- What words or phrases stick out to you as you listen/read?
- What is the mood or takeaway that the singer(s) wants us to have while listening/reading?
- Was the meaning of the song different when you read the lyrics vs. listening to it? How so? What gave it a different meaning?